

O&S Meeting on 13th October 2025 – Bromford Flagship Housing – Q+A Session

Member Submitted Prior Questions have been arranged into the following 3 themes:

- Theme 1 – Allocation of Homes/ Tenant support
- Theme 2 – Delivering Affordable Homes
- Theme 3 – Improvement and Retrofitting of Existing Bromford Stock

Theme 1 – Allocation of Homes/ Tenant support

- Exploring the allocation of homes into rural villages who come from cities and don't have their own transport. Communication and accessibility - it can be very difficult reaching anyone through the telephone service with long waits

Social properties are allocated in the most part by Local Authority policy as well as housing legislation. Cotswold District Council operates within the Gloucestershire Homeseeker Partnership, meaning that lets are subject to Homeseeker Plus Policy. This aims to give priority to those with a local connection and those in the highest need of housing. Whilst there may be extenuating circumstances where the Local Authority may deem a case a priority and seek to direct match or likewise a housing provider complete a management move for one of their own customers due to a severe risk to the customer, on the whole customers are let based on local connection and need. Where a shortlist may be unsuccessful due to low demand or other reasons, a property could be offered to somebody without the local connection but still with a need for housing. In the most part, these individuals will still have a connection to Gloucestershire

- We have seen several cases of applicants coming to Avening as their first rural home - what is the policy on filling empty properties? And Is any coaching given to applicants about the suitability and lack of facilities and transport in rural locations?

Where we may have concerns around someone's suitability for an area eg perhaps they don't drive and live in a very rural area, we will discuss our concerns with the individual. However, we do not have the ability to reject somebody because we don't believe it will work. We treat our applicants and customers with respect, will talk through any concerns and allow the customers to make their decision with all of the information. With regards to coaching, when a customer moves in we will seek to ensure they settle into their property and start their tenancy well. This will include seeking them to understand and link into their local community

- Management of tenants especially those struggling to pay their rent

Bromford seeks to support our customers to enable them to thrive in their home. This support comes through our investment in our Neighbourhood Coaching teams and our Income Management Teams. Neighbourhood Coaches can help with low level budgeting and signposting, however when more intricate or detailed advice around income maximisation our Income Management team will step in and support customers. Like any landlord, we will seek to support customers to enable them to pay their rent and other priority bills.

- The continuation of families being housed in homes with no carpets or flooring (I understand that currently Housing Associations are only required to provide this in kitchens and bathrooms). I am a trustee of a small local charity and requests to provide flooring is one which continues to be received, particularly from young families who are unable to place babies and children on the floor to learn to crawl/walk and there is the additional impact of the cost of heating properties with no flooring, which during a cost of living crisis is an additional financial burden to our residents. Can I also receive reassurance that properties with decent carpets are no longer being stripped out at the end of a tenancy and skipped and sent to landfill, as has been reported to me previously, but that they are now being cleaned - some flooring is better than nothing.

Carpet is something that we have discussed at length with Councillors. Whilst there is currently no legislation around carpets being provided, our Empty Homes team do everything they can to retain carpet for the next customer. There are cases where homes are let without flooring as the carpet was unable to be saved however these are few and far between now. We would welcome examples where it is perceived that carpet has been needlessly ripped out so that we can investigate the narrative around this.

Bromford has been trialling providing carpets in homes for several years on a small scale via our Home Standard work. This has seen refurbished carpet tiles installed into hundreds of Bromford properties, where customers would not have been able to afford it any other way. These installs allow us to measure the impact it makes to a customer's life to enable us to put forward the case for our future approach towards carpet. The Government recently announced that it intended to bring an updated

Decent Homes Standard forward which will require the provision of flooring in all rental properties, by 2035.

- Policies on assisting tenants who have particular needs which are not easily met in rural areas such as access to domestic violence, mental health or substance abuse support

We look at all cases on a case by case basis, as we recognise that there is no one size fits all. This also allows us to understand circumstances and adapt our approach when necessary. We recognise that there is less outreach or access to services in rural areas and as we move forward with Place Based working, we aim to have even stronger links with our community partners to better support our customers in times of need.

- What is the profile of the housing waiting list - including length of time for urgent and non-urgent cases

There are 1806 households registered for Housing on HomeseekerPlus. The Banding of which is

Emergency	40
Gold	54
Silver	321
Bronze	1391

As HomeseekerPlus is a choice-based system, the length of time an applicant might wait to receive an offer of a property is dependant on the applicant themselves:

- Applicants bid on the properties that they wish to be considered for.
- If an applicant is only choosing to bid on properties within a small geographical area, they may wait for many years before receiving an offer of accommodation.
- Some applicants do not bid at all.
- There are on average only 30 vacant properties each month advertised via HomeseekerPlus.
- Lack of available social housing also influences the time that applicants may wait for an offer of accommodation

- Management of external areas including grass cutting, hedge trimming etc

Our Service Standard explains best how we manage and maintain our customer spaces. This can be found here: [Bromford Standards](#).

- Congratulations on the website; it's a huge improvement and lots of useful content is readily accessible. Neighbourhood coaches remain incredibly important to many of the residents I come into contact with though: are there sufficient Neighbourhood Coach hours available to fully support residents and help them thrive in their home?

We need to better understand the demand and where we can have the most impact with customers. We have seen and felt over the years that support services are able to offer less and less due to competing challenges and dwindling funding. We've also seen an increase in customer need, an increase in the severity of customer circumstances and an expectation of increased delivery from the Regulator and Ombudsman. This ultimately sees the Neighbourhood Coaches having to step into more spaces, take longer to support customers with certain challenges which ultimately decreases the availability of our Neighbourhood Coaches to be reactive to our customer's needs. All of our front line colleagues are incredibly important to delivering our housing management services to enable of customers to thrive and as we move forward with our vision of Place Based working, it will be exciting to see how our approach develops to better serve our customers and communities.

- Update on changes to their administration strategy resulting from their merger with Flagship Housing - including plans to increase their property portfolio in the Cotswold District in the forthcoming new developments, changes to their offices and management, or the way their neighbourhood coaches work, etc

Fundamentally, there will be no changes in how we operate. We will continue to move towards Place Based Working which will develop how we work locally with customers.

Theme 2 – Delivering Affordable Homes

- Do Bromford have a strategy or delivery plan to increase the quantity of social housing in the District?
- What prevents Bromford from responding to calls for social housing providers as part of developments in our District and rural areas in generally? How can we overcome these barriers?

- How can CDC, town and parish councils best work with Bromford to deliver more social housing of the type and quality the District needs?
- Future plans to provide more social and affordable housing in the Cotswolds

Bromford has an ambitious development pipeline of 2000 homes per year, with 50% of these being social rent, making us one of the biggest developing housing associations in the country and the top deliverer of social rent. Our recent merger activity supports this aspiration by unlocking some £1.9bn in additional funding capacity.

Bromford works in partnership with Homes England and has secured funding through its strategic partnership approach across 2021-26. Central government support to fund affordable housing remains key and the recent announcements of £39bn from 2026 are welcomed.

Cotswold DC administrative area remains an important location for Bromford. We are in the process of regionalising our new homes activity, with the creation of a West region, headed up by a Regional Director with responsibility and remit to undertake all new homes activity across the Gloucestershire and West of England LA areas, which includes the Cotswolds. This will be a team of 40 colleagues who will undertake all activities from site and opportunity identification through to shared ownership sale and customer care, ensuring regional accountability.

We have also set up a Partnership Board with senior management colleagues from both Bromford and CDC, an objective of this board is to consider ways to increase the delivery of affordable housing in the District. This will be looking at opportunities to combine land holdings to create new developments.

In the last 5 years Bromford have delivered in excess of 350 affordable homes, with more than 50% of these being social rent. There are a further 200 in the growing pipeline between 2025-2029.

Bromford has undertaken land, S106 and regeneration activity across the District with scheme sizes ranging from 13 to 85.

Theme 3 – Improvement and Retrofitting of Existing Bromford Stock

- Programme of retrofitting measures to improve energy efficiency

- Policies on improving the energy efficiency of their building stock to bring them up to an EPC rating of C and also managing the maintenance of the properties
- What data is used to assess whether properties are in need of retrofit measures (EPC alone or other info such as heat loss mapping)?
- How many Bromford properties in the District are in need of retrofit? What proportion of Bromford stock is this?
- Does Bromford have a strategy or delivery plan to deliver retrofit for the housing stock in our district?
- What levels of funding and resources have been allocated to retrofit?
- Given some of the challenges of retrofitting existing stock (noting examples of planning refusals in Guiting Power and Lower Swell for example) is there scope to take a more place-based approach and work with partners to offer retrofit at a neighbourhood level? I.e. retrofit solutions offered to (paying) privately owned homes as well as Bromford homes.
- Ageing properties, can we receive an update on the number of ageing properties held by Housing Associations in the district and how many are being treated for damp problems and any plans to retrofit these properties.
- Maintenance and refurbishment of properties

Bromford has a proactive planned maintenance programme which looks to improve their properties and the assets within the properties. This strategic plan will also look to understand what a property will need over the next 30 years to ensure we are investing in the right way. There will also be regular reactive repairs, when a customer makes us aware of some form of disrepair. We will seek to repair homes until it is no longer economically effective to do so. At this time, a complete component change may be considered. By addressing issues proactively, it can reduce the likelihood of breakdowns and emergency repairs. Regular upkeep ensures properties remain in good condition, extending their lifespan and maintaining their value. It also supports a tenant to thrive in their home and encourages them to take pride and look after it.

Bromford has a programme of retrofitting homes across the group and our current focus is on our worst performing homes; those at EPC D or below. This approach is aligned with the gateway for grant funding eligibility under the Social Housing Decarb fund and the more recent Warm Homes: Social Housing Fund. It also applies to ECO4. Whilst EPC is a coarse metric, it is one that we are obliged to use but we also target a reduction in heat demand when designing a package of retrofit works under the strict PAS 2035 process. In all cases, we consider the cost of heating our homes for our customers.

We are aiming to move a minimum of 98.5% of homes to EPC C or better by 2028 and are working towards moving all homes to EPC C or better by 2030. This is a huge task and is further complicated by a number of non-traditional, system build homes that we have across the group, a proportion of which are in CDC. Part of the PAS 2035 process is that any building defects have to be remediated before any retrofit works can be completed. Costs for certain non-trad homes can be as high as £150k per home.

In addition to a retrofitting approach, we undertake component-based upgrades like external wall and cavity wall insulation, loft insulation and low carbon heating using a data driven approach and to respond to customer need. In some cases, we are having to replace defecting external wall insulation completed prior to stock transfer and low carbon heating will be offered to customers when solid fuel heating systems are found to be beyond economical repair.

We take a data led approach which is used for calculating the energy performance of a home based on our asset information. This includes insulation levels, heating type, windows and doors performance, etc, and this data is then used to target improvements. We are trialling the use of sensors to gain real-world data which enables bespoke retrofit solutions to specific house types based on how they perform which will reduce costs and ensure the measures are a success for the occupier.

There are currently around 580 homes in the CDC LA area (around 10%) that are below EPC C and these are our priority for upgrade works. Around 80 of these are on our SHDF programme and others are being upgraded via ECO 4. Some of these homes are currently refusals (for example, replacement of solid fuel heating due to fuel poverty concerns). We are currently reviewing eligible homes for inclusion in the WM:SHF programme.

We have a dedicated Decarb Team within the Home Investment team that focusses on these works and Bromford has committed £633m to achieving Net Zero by 2050. As part of the LA partnership meetings, we are working towards review of existing

retrofit projects and agreeing suitable measures based on archetype and location as part of agreeing a design guide to fast track suitable solutions.

With respect to a Place Based Delivery model, we are open to collaborating with CDC to enable different tenures within the same neighbourhood to benefit from the improvement works. We would need to work through how this is set up in terms of the funding model and grant availability/eligibility for private owners.