## **Public Document Pack**



26 September 2025

#### **CABINET MEMBER FOR FINANCE DECISION MEETING**

A Cabinet Member for Finance Decision Meeting will be held at the Council Chamber - Council Offices, Trinity Road, Cirencester, GL7 1PX on **Monday, 6 October 2025 at 10.00 am.** 

Recording of Proceedings – The law allows the public proceedings of Council, Cabinet, and Committee Meetings to be recorded, which includes filming as well as audio-recording. Photography is also permitted.

As a matter of courtesy, if you intend to record any part of the proceedings please let the Committee Administrator know prior to the date of the meeting.

Cotswold District Council, Trinity Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire, GL7 1PX
Tel: 01285 623000 <a href="https://www.cotswold.gov.uk">www.cotswold.gov.uk</a>

#### **AGENDA**

## Decision 1: Bourton on the Water Tourism Levy Consultation and Allocation of Funds

#### 1. Cabinet Member Introductions

Welcome to the public and introduction of participants.

#### 2. **Declarations of Interest**

To receive any declarations of interest by the Cabinet Member present.

#### 3. **Officer Overview of the Report** (Pages 5 - 10)

Officer to provide a brief verbal summary of the report with key details relating to the decision, providing any updates that need to be considered by the Cabinet Member when taking the decision.

#### <u>Purpose</u>

To make recommendations for the use of funds collected from the Rissington Road Car Parking Tourism Levy in Bourton-on-the- Water for 2025/26.

#### 4. Confirmation of Comments

Confirmation of comments received by officer or Democratic Services.

#### 5. **Public Questions**

The Cabinet Member may allow members of the public present at the meeting to speak or make representations. However, all questions must relate directly to the decision being discussed. If a question is deemed irrelevant by the Cabinet Member the member of the public will be advised where to direct their question.

#### 6. **Cabinet Member Questions**

The Cabinet Member may request clarifications on the report and the proposed decision, including any alternative options for consideration.

#### 7. **Decision**

The Cabinet Member will verbally confirm the decision stating whether they

- Accept the recommendations of the officer,
- Decide to take a different decision contrary to the officer's recommendation, or
- Decide to refer the decision to a meeting of Cabinet.

The Cabinet Member must inform the Democratic Services Officer of the reason for the decision, which will be officially recorded on the Decision Notice.

#### **Decision 2: Discretionary Rate Relief**

#### 8. Cabinet Member Introduction

Welcome to the public and introduction of participants

Confirmation of any comments received by the officer or by Democratic Services.

#### 9. **Declarations of Interest**

To receive any declarations of interest by the Cabinet Member or any officers present.

#### 10. **Officer Overview of the Report** (Pages 11 - 32)

Officer to provide a brief verbal summary of the report with key details relating to the decision, providing any updates that need to be considered by the Cabinet Member when taking the decision.

#### Purpose

To determine ten new applications and thirteen renewal applications for Discretionary Rate Relief submitted under Section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 for the financial years 2023/2024, 2024/2025 and 2025/2026.

#### 11. Confirmation of Comments

Confirmation of comments received by officer or Democratic Services.

#### 12. **Public Questions**

The Cabinet Member will invite public contributions or representations verbally at the meeting from members of the public present. Questions must relate directly to the decision. If a question is asked, which in the view of the Cabinet Member is not relevant to the decision, the member of the public will be advised where to direct their question.

#### 13. **Cabinet Member Questions**

The Cabinet Member may ask for any clarifications regarding the report and the decision that is required, including any alternative options which might be considered.

#### 14. **Decision**

The Cabinet Member will verbally confirm their decision, stating whether they:

- a) Accept the officer's recommendation
- b) Make a different decision contrary to the recommendation, or

c) Refer the decision to a Cabinet meeting.

The Cabinet Member must inform the Democratic Services Officer of the reason for the decision, which will be officially recorded on the Decision Notice.

(END)

# Agenda Item 3



Council name	COTSWOLD DISTRICT COUNCIL		
Name and date of Committee	CABINET MEMBER FOR FINANCE DECISION MEETING - 6 OCTOBER 2025		
Subject	BOURTON ON THE WATER TOURISM LEVY CONSULTATION AND ALLOCATION OF FUNDS		
Wards affected	Bourton Village and Bourton Vale		
Accountable member	Councillor Patrick Coleman – Cabinet Member for Finance Email: patrick.coleman@cotswold.gov.uk		
Accountable officer	Jon Dearing – Interim Executive Director Email: <a href="mailto:Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk">Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk</a>		
Report author	Jon Dearing – Interim Executive Director Email: Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk		
Summary/Purpose	To make recommendations for the use of funds collected from the Rissington Road Car Parking Tourism Levy in Bourton-on-the- Water for 2025/26		
Annexes	Annex A – Summary of consultation outcomes		
Recommendation(s)	It is recommended that the Cabinet Member for Finance approves the funding of the following Projects, listed in order of preference resulting from the 2025 public consultation process in relation to the use of funds from the Bourton-on-the-Water Tourism Parking Levy:		
	<ol> <li>Commissioning of a Visitor Traffic Management Strategy (estimated cost £35,000),</li> <li>Installation of rubber matting for the Melville and Naight play areas (estimated cost 3860),</li> <li>Provision of additional Parking Enforcement between Christman and New Year (estimated cost £530),</li> <li>Set up and removal of Village Green railings for protection of the Green from November to March (estimated cost £900),</li> <li>Engineering works on the footpath adjacent to Jubilee Orchard improve drainage (estimated cost £8,000),</li> </ol>		





#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

**1.1** This report makes recommendations on the use of the Bourton-on-the-Water Tourism Levy funds for 2025/26, following the outcome of the 2025 Public Consultation exercise.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

2.1 In March 2021 Cotswold District Council introduced a 50p (per parking session) Car Parking Tourism Levy on parking charges at its Rissington Road car park (in Bourton-on-the-Water) in order to fund schemes that will help the Village manage the impact of the high numbers of visitors it receives. On 7<sup>TH</sup> November 2024 an increase to 60p (per parking session) was approved by the Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Finance.

#### 3. MAIN POINTS

- **3.1** Over the four years of the Levy 'standard' items of expenditure have developed. These are the provision of a Village Warden (including a modest Small Projects budget) and 50% match funding (with the Parish Council) of additional Parking Enforcement and 50% match funding of the annual refresh of the Village Green.
- **3.2** Other (one-off) projects are subject to a Public Consultation. The consultation on projects for 2025/26 was undertaken during July 2025. There were 445 responses (434 submitted digitally and 11 paper responses). The results of the consultation have been used to form the recommendations in this report. A summary of the consultation results is included at Annex A.
- **3.3** The 11 projects included in the consultation were proposed by the Parish Council. The recommendation is that the four 'standard annual' items are funded and nine of the eleven projects consulted upon are funded. These are the nine highest ranked projects, that fall within the available funding.
- 3.4 The consultation included an opportunity for respondents to suggest other projects/initiatives. Of the 445 respondents, 161 made additional suggestions. There was no one additional suggestion that had significant support. The topic that had the most mentions was Coach Parking. This had 22 mentions (13.6 % of those who made a comment or 4.9 % of the total consultation responders). It should be noted that, if recommendation 1 is approved, the Traffic Strategy should consider coach parking as a major factor.

#### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- **4.1** There was a funding carry-over, from 2024/25 of £6,720; a project underspend (from a 2024/25 project that will no longer go ahead) of £40,000 and the 2025/26 receipts are projected to be £70,000. This means there is a total 2025/26 budget of £116,720.
- **4.2** The annual 'standard' items of expenditure are:



- I. Provision of a Village Warden £20,444,
- II. Village Warden budget £500,
- III. 50% match funding for additional parking enforcement £8,832, and
- IV. 50% match funding for the annual refresh of the Village Green £9,957. These `standard' items therefore total £39,733.
- **4.3** The recommendations on the consulted upon 2025/26 projects (recommendations 1 to 9) total **£64,790**.
- **4.4** If all recommendations are approved, the total expenditure for 2025/26 will be £104,523, leaving an excess of £12,197. The use of this excess would be subject to an additional decision-making meeting, unless the request falls within the delegation detailed in paragraph 4.5.
- **4.5** As costs can fluctuate during a project's delivery, it is further recommended that additional expenditure be delegated to the District Council's Deputy Chief Executive and Section 151 Officer in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Finance. This delegation will only apply to recommendations 1 to 9.

#### 5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

**5.1** There are no legal implications arising from the recommendations in this report.

#### 6. RISK ASSESSMENT

**6.1** The allocation of funding to projects in and around Bourton-on-the-Water does not attract and significant risks.

#### 7. EQUALITIES IMPACT

**7.1** There are no unacceptable adverse effects on the protected characteristics covered by the Equalities Act.

#### 8. CIMATE AND ECOLOGICAL EMERGENCIES IMPLICATIONS

**8.1** There are no negative impacts associated with these recommendations.

#### 9. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

**9.1** The Cabinet Member for Finance could decide to award funding to different projects.

#### 10. BACKGROUND PAPERS

**10.1** None

## **Summary of 2025/26 BotW Tourism Levy Consultation Outcomes**

Project	Estimated Cost	Consultation Points	Ranking
Commissioning of a Visitor Traffic Management Strategy	£35,000	1,957 (12.19 %)	1 <sup>st</sup>
Installation of rubber matting for the Melville and Naight play areas	£860	1,776	2 <sup>nd</sup>
Provision of additional Parking Enforcement between Christmas and New Year	£530	1,737	3 <sup>rd</sup>
Set up and removal of Village Green railings for protection of the Green from November to March	£900	1,573	4th
Engineering works on the footpath adjacent to Jubilee Orchard, to improve drainage	£8,000	1,507	5th
Repainting of the benches in the Village centre	£4,000	1,468	6th
Repair of the paths around the Village Green	£5,000	1,437	7th
Resurfacing of the bonded area underneath circular benches on the Village Green	£7,500	1,342	8th
Purchase of materials for volunteers to use to make gravel footpath improvements; particularly the Conigers and Manor Field footpaths	£3,000	1,312 (8.17 %)	9th
Regeneration of the area behind the War Memorial	£40,000	989 (6.16 %)	10th
Community Connector Officer	£13,500	956 (5.97 %)	11th

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# Agenda Item 10



Council name	COTSWOLD DISTRICT COUNCIL
Name and date of Committee	CABINET MEMBER FOR FINANCE DECISION MEETING
Subject	APPLICATIONS FOR DISCRETIONARY RATE RELIEF
Wards affected	The Ampneys and Hampton, St. Michaels, Grumbolds Ash with Avening, Bourton Vale, Bourton Village, Watermoor, Fairford North, Abbey, Northleach, Ermin, Moreton West, Lechlade, Kempsford and Fairford South
Accountable member	Councillor Patrick Coleman – Cabinet Member for Finance
	Email: patrick.coleman@cotswold.gov.uk
Accountable officer	Jon Dearing – Interim Executive Director Email: <a href="mailto:Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk">Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk</a>
Report author	Mandy Fathers – Business Manager for Environment, Revenues and Welfare Email: <a href="mailto:Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk">Democratic@Cotswold.gov.uk</a>
Summary/Purpose	To determine ten new applications and thirteen renewal applications for Discretionary Rate Relief submitted under Section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 for the financial years 2023/2024, 2024/2025 and 2025/2026
Annexes	Annex A – Details of Discretionary Rates Relief Applications (Exempt) Annex B – Policy Criteria
Recommendation(s)	It is recommended that the Cabinet Member for Finance <b>approves</b> the following Discretionary Rate Relief applications because the entities are carrying out activities which either support the Council's priorities or have provided evidence of financial circumstances which meet the criteria (set out at Annex B, section 3) to justify an award:  1. Big Yellow Bus Company 2. North Cotswold Food Bank 3. Heart Safe Clinic Academy (six accounts) 4. Palmer Hall Management



	<ol> <li>Churn Project Ltd</li> <li>Headspace</li> <li>Cirencester Opportunity Group</li> <li>SLM Community Leisure Charity Trust (three accounts)</li> <li>New Brewery Arts (two accounts)</li> <li>Brimpsfield Village Hall</li> <li>Cirencester Citizens Advice</li> <li>Bourton-on-the-Hill Old School Village Hall</li> <li>Lechlade Library Ltd</li> <li>It is recommended that the Cabinet Member for Finance refuses applications for:</li> <li>The Cotswolds Canals Trust</li> <li>Didmarton Village Hall &amp; Community Committee</li> </ol>	
Corporate priorities	<ul> <li>Delivering Good Services</li> <li>Supporting Communities</li> <li>Supporting the Economy</li> </ul>	
Key Decision	NO	
Exempt	Annex A	
Consultees/ Consultation	Chief Executive Officer, Deputy Chief Executive and Section 151 Officer, Director of Governance, Chief Accountant, Head of Legal Services, Cabinet Member for Finance, Interim Managing Director (Publica), Interim Executive Director (Publica)	



#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

**1.1** This report is to determine ten new applications for discretionary rate relief and thirteen renewal applications.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

**2.1** Cotswold District Council has the power (exercised through powers delegated to the Cabinet Member for Finance) to consider granting, on an individual basis, Discretionary Rate Relief to non-profit making organisations and organisations suffering financial hardship.

#### 3. MAIN POINTS

- **3.1** The council has received ten new applications and thirteen renewal applications for Discretionary Rate Relief in relation to business rates liabilities for the 2023/24, 2024/25 and 2025/2026 financial year.
- **3.2** An overview of the applications is detailed within Annex A (Exempt), attached to this report.

#### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- **4.1** Should Discretionary Rate Relief be awarded in line with the report's recommendations, it will result in a loss on non-domestic rates income of £24,783.50 for the financial year 2025/2026.
- **4.2** The non-domestics rating income collected by the council is shared between the District, County and Central Government. The Government's share is 50% and the County share is 10% leaving 40% with Cotswold District Council. The value of the relief recommended for award in this report therefore represents a cost to the council of £9,913.18.
- **4.3** Based on the NNDR1 return submitted to Central Government in January 2025, collectable non-domestic rating income is estimated to be £36.8 million for 2025/2026, of which £14.7 million (40%) is the council's share.

#### 5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

**5.1** Section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 permits the bill authority to grant discretionary rate relief to charities and other organisations of prescribed types. The council exercises its discretion regarding its published Policy on discretionary rate relief.

#### 6. RISK ASSESSMENT

**6.1** The approval or otherwise of the individual applications does not set a precedent or carry any significant risk to the council or its residents as each application is considered on an individual basis.



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7.1	There are no ec	ualities im	pacts for these	discretionary	rate relief	applications.

#### 8. CIMATE AND ECOLOGICAL EMERGENCIES IMPLICATIONS

**8.1** None

#### 9. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

**9.1** The Cabinet Member for Finance could decide to award a different level of rates relief to that recommended within the report.

#### 10. BACKGROUND PAPERS

**10.1** None

(END)

By virtue of Regulation 21(1)(A) of the Local Authorities (Executive Arrangements) (Access to Information) (England) Regulations 2000.

Document is Restricted





# DISCRETIONARY RATE RELIEF POLICY

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#### I. Introduction

- 1.1 The Council understands the importance that local businesses and organisations play in achieving its priorities and ensuring its communities and businesses are able to develop and thrive within the District.
- 1.2 Councils have the power to award relief from the payment of Non-Domestic Rates (Business Rates) to organisations and businesses that meet certain criteria. Public funds are not, however, unlimited and a proportion of any relief granted is met by the Council Tax payers of the District. The Council therefore needs to be satisfied that money invested this way will be repaid in economic and/or community benefit.
- 1.3 The power for granting discretionary rate relief is provided for by Section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988. This has been amended by subsequent legislation which gives wider powers to grant discretionary relief to any ratepayer where the authority feels the granting of such relief would benefit the local community.
- 1.4 This policy is designed to provide guidance to officers and ratepayers on the application of Discretionary Rate Relief.
- 1.5 The policy covers the following types of discretionary rate relief:
  - Charitable rate relief
  - Community Amateur Sports Clubs (CASCs)
  - Rate relief for not-for-profit organisations
  - Hardship relief
  - Temporary relief for partly occupied properties
  - Local discounts and incentives
- 1.6 This policy document outlines the various areas of local discretion and the Council's approach to the various reliefs. This approach has regard to the impact:
  - of granting discretionary relief on the Council's wider financial position and the impact on its Council Tax payers;
  - on the organisations and businesses that currently receive or may apply for relief in the future:
  - on the residents of Cotswold District Council if relief is awarded and the economic benefits to the District.

#### 2. The Discretionary Rate Relief Scheme

- 2.1 Discretionary rate relief (DRR) is granted in accordance with Section 43 of the Local Government Finances Act 1988 and Sections 47 and 49 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 as amended by the Localism Act 2011 and the Non-Domestic Rating Act 2023.
- 2.2 Section 69 of the Localism Act amended section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 to allow billing authorities to fund their own local discounts. The Council can grant business rate discounts and incentives as it sees fit within the limits of primary legislation

and the rules on State Aid. These powers can be used to encourage new business and investment as well as support local shops or services to the community.

- 2.3 The legislation requires the Council to maintain a DRR scheme to award relief of up to 100% to certain organisations and businesses which operate within specified criteria. This includes:
  - Charitable bodies already in receipt of mandatory relief of 80%. The Council has a discretion to 'top-up' this relief to 100% of the business rates due
  - Registered community amateur sports clubs (CASCs) already in receipt of mandatory relief of 80%
  - Non-profit making organisations the Council has discretion to grant relief of up to 100% of the business rates due
  - DRR for 'other rural businesses'
  - Relief on the grounds of hardship
  - Relief for part-occupied premises
  - Local discounts and incentives
- 2.4 In making decisions the Council may:
  - Grant relief up to a maximum of 100% of the business rates due;
  - or
  - Refuse any application for relief
- 2.5 Mandatory relief can be backdated to previous financial years. The Non-Domestic Rating Act 2023 removes the restriction that prevented billing authorities from making a decision to award discretionary rate relief more than six months after the end of the relevant financial year. From I April 2024, there will be no restrictions in respect of the financial year 2023/2024 onwards.
- 2.6 In the majority of cases discretionary relief will be granted for a period of two financial years. Successful applications will be sent a letter confirming the new award of discretionary relief. This letter will explain the period of award and the date it will end.

#### 3. The application process

- 3.1 Applications for relief must be made by completing an application form and submitting the relevant supporting information which includes:
  - Details of the applicant's main purposes and objectives (where applicable) as set out in a written constitution, a memorandum of association or membership rules;
  - A full set of audited accounts relating to the last two financial years. Where audited accounts are not available projections should be provided instead, along with bank statements;
  - Details of how the organisation meets the relevant criteria detailed in these guidelines
- 3.2 Any applications which are made without the supporting documentation will be subject to a decision being made solely on the information that is available at the time of the decision.
- 3.3 As a guide, to be eligible for discretionary rate relief a charity/organisation must not have enough unrestricted funds/reserves to continue to operate for more than 12 months unless

- a business plan exists detailing how these additional funds are to be used to benefit the local community.
- 3.4 In exceptional cases, discretionary rate relief will be granted to organisations which have enough financial resources in unrestricted funds/reserves to continue to operate for more than 12 months. This may include charities and community organisations which require a large amount of available resources to sustain the service they deliver to the community. In such cases the application must be able to demonstrate it offers a service which the local residents depend on and which they would be unlikely to find elsewhere in the District.
- 3.5 The Council will aim to make a decision within one calendar month of the application and supporting information being received. Decisions on the award of discretionary rate relief will be made the Member with responsibility for Finance in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer. Ratepayers are required to continue to pay business rates whilst their application is being considered. Failure to make payment will result in the Council pursuing collection through the usual enforcement procedures which could result in Court action.
- 3.6 There is no statutory right of appeal against a decision other than by way of judicial review. An unsuccessful applicant may make a request for the Council to review its decision, but only where:
  - I) Additional information relevant to the application that was not made available at the time the decision was made becomes available.
  - 2) There are grounds to believe the application or supporting information was not interpreted correctly at the time the decision was made.
- 3.7 A request for a review must be made within one calendar month of notification of the decision and must set out the reasons for the request and any supporting information. Cases will be reviewed by Cabinet.
- 3.8 In line with the model of Business Rate Retentions Scheme in operation in December 2021, the cost of awarding discretionary relief is apportioned as follows:
  - 50% will be funded by Central Government
  - 40% will be funded by Cotswold District Council
  - 10% will be funded by Gloucestershire County Council
- 3.10 Any decision regarding rate relief will be communicated to the applicant in writing. Where the decision is a refusal the reasons for refusal will be provided in the letter.
- 3.11A review of the guidelines will be undertaken every 3 years in line with the Valuation Office Agency's revaluation cycle, or if business rates legislation is amended, or as necessary to ensure it complies with current legislation and Cotswold District Council's priorities.
- 3.12 The ratepayer must inform the Council immediately of any changes which may affect their eligibility for relief.

#### 4. Charitable Rate Relief

- 4.1 Mandatory Rate Relief of 80% is granted to charities where:
  - The ratepayer is a charity or the trustee of a charity; and
  - The property is wholly or mainly used for charitable purposed (including charity shops where the goods sold are mainly donated and the proceeds are used for the purposes of the charity).
- 4.2 Registration under the Charities Act 1993 is conclusive evidence of charitable status. Bodies which are exempt charities are also eligible for mandatory relief.
- 4.3 In cases where a charity is in receipt of mandatory relief of 80% the Council has direction to grant up to 20% discretionary relief (top-up). The Council will consider applications for discretionary relief from charities based on their own merits on a case by case basis. The principle consideration in awarding relief is that it is in the best interests of the residents and Council Tax payers of Cotswold District to do so and it produces a local benefit as the Council must contribute to the cost of each award.
- 4.4 Each case will be assessed on its own merits, but generally top-up discretionary relief will only be awarded to the following charities or excepted organisations:
  - Scouts, guides, cadets and other clubs and organisations for young people;
  - Organisations providing support in the form of advice, employment training and counselling;
  - Community schemes including those providing support for those over retirement age, community transport and volunteer organisations;
  - Charitable supporting clubs;
  - Armed Forces veterans associations;
  - Locally based leisure and cultural organisations.
- 4.5 The following general exclusions will apply:
  - 'Top-up' relief will only be granted to local charities (defined as those set up with the sole purpose of assisting residents of Cotswold District and whose main office is situated within the District;
  - Unless a special case for financial hardship can be proved 'top-up' to national charities (including charity shops) will not be awarded;
  - 'Top-up' relief for Housing Associations will not be granted.

#### 5. Registered Community Amateur Sports Clubs (CASCs)

- 5.1 Registered Community Amateur Sports clubs (CASCs) are entitled to 80% mandatory relief. The Council will consider applications for discretionary rate 'top-up' from CASCs based on their own merits on an application by application basis.
- 5.2 The Council will consider applications that can demonstrate:
  - The contribution the organisation makes to Cotswold District;
  - The club is open to the whole community and its membership fees are not excessive;
  - It is a non-profit organisation;

- Evidence that every effort is made by the organisation to encourage open membership from groups such as young people, disabled persons, and those over retirement age;
- Schemes of education and training are provided particularly for young people, disabled persons, women and those over retirement age;
- How the CASC supports and links into the Council's priorities.
- 5.3 Applications will only be considered where the club has an open access policy. If a club accepts members who have reached a certain standard, rather than seeking to promote the attainment of excellence by developing sporting aptitude, it does not fulfil the requirements.
- 5.4 Although clubs should be open to all without discrimination, single sex clubs may be permitted where such restrictions are a genuine result of physical restraint (such as changing room facilities) or the requirement of the sport. In such cases the application will be required to provide evidence of these factors.
- 5.5 It should be noted that sports clubs which run a bar are unlikely to be awarded discretionary rate relief if their main purpose is the sale of food and drink. If the sale of food and drink by the organisation aids the overall operation and development of the organisation meaning it achieves its objectives this is permissible if the principle objectives of the organisation meet the eligibility criteria detailed in 5.2. If the bar makes a profit this relief must be reinvested to help the organisation meet its principle objectives. Financial information will be required to evidence any profit and its use.

#### 6. Rate relief for not-for -profit organisations

- 6.1 Not-for-profit organisations which are not classed as registered charities or CASCs can apply for discretionary rate relief of up to 100%. Such organisations include those which are philanthropic, religious, concerned with education or social welfare, science, literature, the fine arts, recreation or are otherwise beneficial to the community.
- 6.2 The Council will consider applications from organisations which can demonstrate:
  - Its activities support at least one of the Council's priorities;
  - It promotes its service for the benefit of Cotswold District residents;
  - Membership of the organisation is open to all members of the community;
  - The facilities of the organisation are to be made available, where practicable, to other organisations and groups;
  - The organisation operates in such a way that it does not discriminate against any section of the community;
  - It is not established or conducted for the primary purpose of profit.
- 6.3 If the organisation applying for discretionary rate relief requires membership or any entry fee the Council will consider whether:
  - Membership is open to everyone regardless of race, ethnicity, sex, marital or parental status, sexual orientation, creed, disability, age, religious affiliation or political belief;
  - The subscription or fee is set at a level which is not prohibitively high and is affordable by most sections of the community;
  - Fee reductions are offered to certain groups, for example the under 18s and over 60s;

- Membership is encouraged from the unemployed, young people not in employment, education or training, those of retirement age and people with disabilities.
- 6.4 Where the applicant organisation requires membership, at least 50% of members should reside within the Cotswold District and evidence of this will be required.
- 6.5 The organisation must provide a copy of their constitution and copies of the latest two years of audited annual accounts where available.

#### 7. Hardship Relief

- 7.1 The Council has discretion under Section 49 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 to grant relief of up to 100% where hardship is demonstrated. Hardship relief can only be considered if it would be reasonable to do so in the interests of Council Tax payers in general.
- 7.2 Hardship relief will be awarded where the business is suffering from unexpected hardship which is outside of the normal risks associated with business. Reduction or remission of business rates on the grounds of hardship will only be made in exceptional circumstances.
- 7.3 Hardship relief is granted at the discretion of the Council which can reduce or remit the amount of business rates due provided it is satisfied that:
  - The ratepayer would sustain hardship if it did not do so; and
  - It is reasonable to do so having regard to the interests of its council tax payers,
- 7.4 The following factors will be considered in assessing the application:
  - The test of hardship needs not to be confined strictly to financial hardship. All
    relevant factors affecting the ability of the business to meet its rates liability will be
    considered.
  - The interests of Council Tax payers in the area may be wider than direct financial interests. Examples of this include where employment prospects in the area would be worsened by a company going out of business or the amenities of the area being reduced.
  - The ratepayer must provide evidence of hardship, for example a severe loss or marked decline in trade compared to similar periods in previous years.
  - The ratepayer must be able to show evidence of its viability for the future which is two years for these purposes.
- 7.5 A business will not be considered for hardship relief in the following circumstances:
  - Where the business is profitable;
  - Where the business has experienced a minor loss in trade;
  - Where the drawings/remuneration of directors, partnerships or sole traders are of an amount not deemed reasonable by the Council;
  - Where the business is new and hardship relief is being requested to fund the initial progression of the business;
  - Where the property is empty;
  - Where similar goods or services are already being provided in the locality or within a reasonable distance.

- 7.6 Prior to any award being made the business is expected to act to mitigate or alleviate their hardship by:
  - Considering other options such as renegotiating with creditors;
  - Contacting the Council's Business Advice officer;
  - Having in place a business plan to address the hardship.
- 7.7 Applications for hardship relief shall be regarded as a last resort and will only be accepted after consideration of any other forms of rate relief for which the applicant may be eligible for.
- 7.8 The period and amount of any award will be determined on a case by case basis, but may be up to 100% of business rates liability.
- 7.9 Hardship relief will only be granted for short periods of time and usually up to a maximum of 6 months.

#### 8. Properties partly occupied for a temporary period

- 8.1 There may be times where a property is only partly occupied for a short period of time. This may be due to a business relocating to a new property. In certain circumstances, the Council may use its discretion to award partly occupied relief which is also known as Section 44a (Section 44a of the Local Government Finance Act 1988).
- 8.2 In these circumstances the Council may request that the Valuation Office Agency apportions the rateable value of the property between occupied and unoccupied parts.
- 8.3 Section 44a relief may be awarded in the following circumstances:
  - Where the occupied and unoccupied parts of the property can easily be separately assessed: or
  - Where there are short term practical or financial difficulties in either occupying or vacating the premises.
- 8.4 The part occupation must be for a temporary period only. Rate relief will not be awarded where the partial occupation is due to the normal day to day operation of the business, for example where a warehouse has despatched a large order and no longer needs to store stock.
- 8.5 For the purposes of this policy a period of up to 6 months will be considered temporary. Periods of time exceeding 6 months will be treated as a permanent change and will not be eligible for partly occupied relief.
- 8.6 Relief will not be awarded where it appears to the Council that part of the property is being kept empty for the sole purpose of claiming rate relief.
- 8.7 Prior to an award being made, a visit to the premises will be made by a Council Officer to establish the exact area of the property that is empty. The application must be supported by a plan of the property which clearly marks the boundary of the occupied and unoccupied parts. This plan will be given to the Valuation Office Agency to apportion the rateable value. Further visits may be made to the property throughout the duration of the relief to establish that the property is still partly occupied.

- 8.8 Part occupied relief will end if one of the following applies:
  - The financial year comes to an end;
  - The end of the award;
  - Where part or all the unoccupied parts become occupied;
  - Where the whole of the property becomes unoccupied;
  - Where the liability for the property changes.

#### 9. State Aid

- 9.1 Prior to 1 January 2021, the award of discretionary rate relief was considered likely to amount to State Aid as defined by the EU. The EU required that all State Aid (including discretionary rate relief) compiled with the De Minimis Regulations EC 1407/2013. The De Minimis Regulations allow an undertaking to receive up to €200,000 aid over a rolling three year period.
- 9.2 From 1 January 2021, the United Kingdom left the EU Single Market and Customs Union and is no longer subject to the De Minimis Regulations.
- 9.3 The Government has introduced its own rules regarding state subsidies. Discretionary rate relief is considered a subsidy under the rules, but the matters that must be considered all relate to the effect of the subsidy on international trade. In making an award the public body making it must consider:
  - effects on international trade;
  - the subsidy is prohibited under the World Trading organisation (WTO) rules;
  - are in line with those agreed by the UK –EU Cooperation and Trade Agreement;
  - are unlikely to trigger a dispute under WTO trade rules.
- 9.4 It is unlikely that an award of discretionary rate relief would fall counter to these rules.

#### 10. Complaints and Appeals

- 10.1Any customer who feels that they have not been correctly dealt with can use the Customer Feedback procedure to make a complaint.
- 10.2 Rating Law does not allow for a ratepayer to appeal a decision by the Council on discretionary rate relief. However in the interest of natural justice and in keeping with customer care practise and principles of open government, this policy provides a mechanism for review of any decision.
- 10.3If a ratepayer is unhappy with the decision made, full details should be submitted, in writing to the Council within one calendar month of notification of the decision. Any review will be considered by Cabinet.

#### II. Fraud

11.1The Council is committed to the prevention and detection of fraud and the protection of public funds. Cases of suspected fraud will be referred to the Counter Fraud Unit (CFU) for

investigations which may result in clawback of payments made and/or further action being taken against an individual.	

## Appendix A

Category of Ratepayer	Mandatory Relief	Discretionary Relief

Charities	80%	Up to 20%
Registered Community Amateur Sports Clubs (CASCs)	80%	Up to 20%
Non-Profit Organisations	Nil	Cases considered on individual merit
Hardship Relief	Nil	Cases considered on individual merit
Partly Occupied Hereditament	Nil	Cases considered on individual merit

#### Addendum I

**Rural Rate Relief** 

Rural Rate Relief is available for post offices, village shops, petrol filling stations and public houses subject to rateable value restrictions, where they are the only business of that type in the rural settlement.

The government announced in the Autumn Statement on 23 November 2016 that the relief would increase from 50% to 100% from 1 April 2017.

As a measure the government has not changed legislation, instead local authorities are required to adopt a local scheme and decide each individual case using their discretionary relief powers introduced by the Localism Act (under Section 47 of the Local Finance Act 1988).

#### Eligibility Criteria

Properties that will benefit from the relief will be hereditaments that are located in a rural settlement with a population of less than 3,000 and are either:-

- a) The sole general store, food shop or post office with a rateable value of up to £8,500 or:
- b) The sole public house or petrol filling station with a rateable value of up to £12,500

The Districts Rural Settlement List is reviewed annually, and designates settlements within a rural area which have a population of 3,000 or less.

#### Amount of Rural Rate Relief available

Anyone who is entitled to mandatory Rural Rate Relief will be eligible for the increased level of discount of 100% off their business rate liability.

#### Recalculation of Rural Rate Relief

The amount of relief awarded will be recalculated in the event of a change in circumstances, including a backdated change to the rateable value of the hereditament, whether arising during the year in question or during a later year.

#### Addendum 2

#### Relief for Local Newspapers

From I April 2017 the Government announced a business rates discount of up to £1,500 a year to business rates accounts for office space occupied by local newspapers up to a maximum of one discount per local newspaper title and per hereditament. This relief scheme has been extended to 31 March 2025.

Local Authorities are requreid to adopt a local scheme and decide each individual case using their discretionary relief powers introduced by the Localism Act (under Section 47 of the Local Government Act 1988).

The Council will use the Government criteria to determine qualifying ratepayers.

#### Eligibility Criteria

Properties that will benefit are those that meet the following criteria:

- The property must be occupied by a local newspaper and much be wholly or mainly used as office premises for journalists and reporters; and,
- The local newspaper must be what is considered to be 'traditional local newspapers'. The relief is not available to magazines.

'Wholly or mainly' is a test on use rather than occupation. Therefore, properties which are occupied but not wholly or mainly used for the qualifying purpose will not qualify for the relief.

#### **Amount of Relief**

Up o £1,500 relief a year; the amount if relief is limited to a maximum of one discount:

- Per newspaper title (e.g. per newspaper name); and,
- Per hereditament (property) that is wholly or mainly occupied by the local newspaper.

#### Recalculation of Relief

The amount of local newspaper relief awarded will be recalculated in the event of a change in circumstances, including changes to occupation of premises by the local newspaper or identification that the relief has been applied on additional accounts.

#### Application for Local Newspaper Relief

Where possible ratepayers entitled to the relief will be identified by the Council. Ratepayers who believe they might be entitled to this relief should contact the Council.

Amounts of relief awarded under this policy will be notified by the issuing of a rates bill.

Decisions in respect of Local Newspaper Relief will be made by officers.