

Anti-Social Behaviour Formal Interventions Summary

<u>Intervention</u>	<u>Who Can Issue/Apply</u>	<u>Grounds</u>	<u>Typical Uses</u>
Civil Injunction Civil power to stop a person's ASB escalating and set a clear standard of behaviour. Can include prohibitions and positive requirements. For perpetrators aged 10 or over	Various agencies	Non-housing related ASB - likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress Housing related ASB - capable of causing nuisance or annoyance	Drug/alcohol-related ASB, harassment, noise (tenure-neutral), vandalism, aggressive begging, etc.
Criminal Behaviour Order (CBO) Court order to tackle ASB which is applied following a conviction for any criminal offence. Can include prohibitions and positive requirements	CPS (Council/Police can request)	Help prevent harassment, alarm or distress if perpetrator committed a criminal offence and caused harassment, alarm or distress	Harassment, hate crime, drunk and rowdy behaviour, etc.
Dispersal Powers Power to remove a person from a specific location for up to 48 hours if authorised by a Police Inspector or above	Police (including PCSOs in some forces)	Committing (or likely to commit) harassment, alarm or distress, or crime or disorder in a public place	Alcohol/drug-related ASB., lighting fires, illegal raves, etc.

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<p>Community Protection Notice (CPN) Notice to stop persistently anti-social individuals, businesses or organisations. Can include requirements to stop or do things or take steps to avoid further ASB</p>	Council, Police (including PCSOs in some forces), some social landlords	Persistent or continuing conduct which negatively affects a community's quality of life	Graffiti, dog fouling, persistent begging, and noise disturbance, etc.
<p>Public Spaces Protection Order (PSPO) Order designed to protect public spaces from persistently anti-social individuals or groups. Can include reasonable restrictions and requirements</p>	Council (in consultation with relevant parties)	Unreasonable behaviour which is (or likely to be) persistent or continuing and has (or likely to have) a detrimental effect on the local community's quality of life	Dog fouling, alcohol/drug-related ASB, etc.
<p>Closure Powers Power to close premises for up to 48 hours out of Court (Closure Notice) or up to six months via the Court (Closure Order)</p>	Police and Council	Premises used (or likely to be used) to cause nuisance or disorder	Premises where ASB is causing nuisance or disorder such as noisy premises, environmental pollution, drug/alcohol-related, etc.

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Absolute Ground for Possession Power which offers protection and faster relief to victims by quickly evicting the most anti-social tenants	Social landlords (Councils/Housing Associations) and private landlords	The tenant, a household member, or a person visiting has been convicted for a serious offence or has breached certain ASB interventions	Drug dealing

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